For use in New York State by spot treatment only. Not for sale, distribution, or use in Nassau or Suffolk Counties in New York State.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
Quinclorac ..................................................... 8.43%
Sulfentrazone ................................................. 0.69%
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt ............................... 11.81%
INERT INGREDIENTS: ......................................... 77.58%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:
0.06 lb. N-[2,4-dichloro-5-[4-(difluorom ethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-m ethyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]phenyl]m ethanesulfonamide per gallon or 0.69%.
0.88 lb. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 9.81%.
0.10 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 1.24%.

Environmentally Specific By AOAC Methods.
CAS Registry Numbers: Quinclorac (84087-01-4), Sulfentrazone (122836-35-5),
U.S. Patent 6,849,579

This pesticide may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsates.

Physical and Chemical Hazards
Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170.

This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

(cont. on next page)
1. Product Description

4-in-1 Herbicide

Q4® Plus Turf Herbicide for Grassy & Broadleaf Weeds contains four (4) active ingredients including quinclorac and sulfentrazone that broaden the spectrum of weed control. Q4 Plus Turf Herbicide for Grassy & Broadleaf Weeds is a versatile herbicide that will control some grassy and broadleaf weeds in established turfgrass when used as directed.

4-in-1 is better than 3-in-1

- Versatile post-emergent herbicide for turfgrass to control both grassy and broadleaf weeds.
- Quinclorac is absorbed by foliage and roots and translocated throughout the plant where it uses multiple modes of action to control both grassy and broadleaf weeds. One mode of action involves an auxin-type herbicidal activity which disrupts plant growth in broadleaf weeds, while another mode of action works as an enzyme/cell wall disruptor to control crabgrass and other grassy weeds.
- The effects on grassy weeds include stunting, gradual reddening, yellowing and followed by tissue death. Symptoms typically appear 7 to 14 days after application.
- Sulfentrazone provides post-emergent weed control for common weed species in turfgrass such as spurge. Foliar contact of sulfentrazone on emerged, susceptible weeds results in rapid emergence and plant tissue death.
- Wide window of application for broadleaf weeds beginning at emergence and active weed growth.
- The symptoms of susceptible broadleaf weeds resemble those of 2,4-D and include leaf and stem curl or twisting, and tissue death.

2. Where To Use

This product provides broadleaf control in warm-season and cool-season turfgrass in five (5) use sites. See tables 2 and 3 below for turfgrass species that can be treated with Q4 Plus Turf Herbicide for Grassy & Broadleaf Weeds.

- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- Ornamental sites include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, areas adjacent to athletic fields and paved areas.
- Institutional sites are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways and roughs), and office buildings.
- Non-cropland sites include Highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads); roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers and medians; municipal, state and federal lands; airports and military installations.
- Agricultural site: Commercial sod production

3. Cultural Tips

For newly seeded areas:
Delay application of this product to grass seedlings until after the second or third mowing, or 28 days after emergence.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:
The application of this product to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

Seeding:
Turf species listed on this label can be seeded into the treated areas 1 week after the application of this product.

Irrigation:
Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation. For best results, do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application. If dry conditions exist, a scheduled irrigation or watering 24 hours before and 24 hours after application is recommended. If rainfall does not occur in 2 to 7 days after application, irrigation of at least one-half inch is recommended.

Mowing:
Delay mowing 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product. Additional stress from low mowing heights may increase the possibility of turf injury. Clippings from the first three mowings should be left on the treated area. Do not use these clippings as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.

4. Spray Preparation

Mixing with Water:
Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add Q4 Plus Turf Herbicide for Grassy & Broadleaf Weeds slowly with
agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. Mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

When this product is left standing for extended periods of time, re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

Mixing with Liquid fertilizers:
In certain applications, liquid fertilizer may replace part of the water as a diluent.

ALWAYS PREMIX Q4 PLUS TURF HERBICIDE FOR GRASSY & BROADLEAF WEEDS WITH WATER BEFORE ADDING TO FLUID FERTILIZERS. For liquid nitrogen solutions such as UAN or urea solutions, use a premix of 1 part of this product with 4 parts of water or use a premix with a 1:4 ratio of product to water. For other fluid fertilizers such as suspensions, use a premix of 1 part of this product with 50 to 60 parts of water.

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers. Always perform a jar test for compatibility before large scale mixing.

The jar test can be conducted by mixing all components in a small container in proportionate quantities. If the mixture separates after standing and can be mixed readily by shaking, then the mixture can be used and applied with spray equipment providing continuous agitation. If large flakes, sludge, gels or other precipitates form, or if a separate oily layer or oil globules appear, then the herbicide and the liquid fertilizer should not be prepared as a tank mixture.

5. Spray Equipment

Ground equipment: Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications. For best spray distribution and coverage, select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage.

Hand-operated sprayers including backpack sprayers and compression sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas. Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.

Cleaning spray equipment: Clean sprayer before and after using this product. Use soap, household ammonia, detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly. Cross-contamination may cause physical incompatibility (mixing problems) or result in turf injury.

Spray distribution:
• The accuracy and uniformity of the herbicide distribution is the sole responsibility of the applicator.
• Uniform applications are essential when using this product. Over-application, excessive overlaps, or rates above those specified on this label can cause turf injury.
• Avoid spray overlaps with hand-held equipment: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Spray wands fitted with flat fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motion results in uneven coverage. To avoid excessive spray pattern overlaps, a spray colorant may be used.
• This product may cause injury to susceptible/non-target plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements
Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment
All ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates. Additional requirements for ground boom application: Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the turf canopy.

7. Post Emergent Control of Grassy Weeds
Q4 Plus Turf Herbicide for Grassy & Broadleaf Weeds can provide post emergent control and suppression of the grassy weeds listed in Table 1. Applications under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred. Early summer treatments are generally more effective. Applications in the summer (approximately July 15 to August 15) to older, drought stressed grassy weeds are less effective. Late summer applications (after August 15) to mature crabgrass can be very effective. Weed control is affected by the spray volume, timing and the weed growth stages (see Tables 1, 2, and 3).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed species</th>
<th>1 to 3 leaf</th>
<th>4 to 5 leaf (1 tiller)</th>
<th>6 leaf (2 tillers)</th>
<th>7 leaf (3 tillers)</th>
<th>8 leaf (4 tillers)</th>
<th>Mature (late season)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crabgrass, (large and smooth), Barnyardgrass, Foxtail, (green, yellow and giant),Signalgrass, (broadleaf)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Footnote 1</td>
<td>Footnote 1 (reduced control)</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutedge, (yellow)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Footnote 1</td>
<td>Footnote 1</td>
<td>Footnote 1</td>
<td>Footnote 1 (reduced control)</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Second or follow-up applications on ornamental turfgrass may be required. Early summer treatments are generally more effective. Applications in the summer (approximately July 15 to August 15) to older, drought stressed grassy weeds are less effective. Late summer applications (after August 15) to mature crabgrass can be very effective.

8. Post Emergent Control of Broadleaf Weeds
Apply this product to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective. Fall applications provide improved control for emerged winter annuals and perennials such as henbit, chickweed, clover and ground ivy.
9. Applications

The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year. Spot treatments during the spring and summer are suitable for sparse infestations or as a follow-up treatment to a broadcast application on an “as-needed” basis. Second or follow-up applications as either broadcast or spot treatments should be made after the initial application on ornamental turfgrass and are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations and for adverse environmental conditions.

Other situations that may need two broadcast or follow-up treatments include the following:

- Under certain conditions, applications of this product at the 3 to 4 tiller stage of the annual grasses may not provide complete control.
- All weed grasses do not germinate at the same time. The period of germination for crabgrass and annual grasses can extend into the summer after the initial application of this product and results may be poor and erratic.
- Dense infestations of weeds may prevent thorough spray coverage of the target weeds.
- Biotypes of large and smooth crabgrass in California have shown varied response to quinclorac. If control failure occurs following a second application, do not reapply this product. Change to a herbicide with a different mode of action.

Extremes in environmental conditions, i.e., temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of this product. Under warm moisture conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. Under dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is generally delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought may be less susceptible to this product.

If objectionable turf injury occurs with the first application, then avoid making the second application of this product until the turfgrass recovery is complete.

Do not broadcast apply this product when temperatures are above 90°F temporary turfgrass discoloration can also be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 90°F.

State Restrictions:

Arizona: Do not use this product on sod farms in Arizona.

California: Make broadcast applications only between March 1 and September 1. If troublesome weeds appear during other times of the year, a spot application can be made. While irrigation is necessary and important for plant growth, apply irrigation water efficiently so that no more than 125% of the net irrigation requirement is applied for any irrigation event. Apply efficient irrigations for six months following application of sulfentrazone containing products. Do not apply product to bare ground.

New York: For use in New York State by spot treatment only. Not for sale, distribution, or use in Nassau or Suffolk Counties in New York State.

### TABLE 2. BROADCAST TREATMENTS FOR COOL-SEASON TURFGRASS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Site</th>
<th>Use Rate per Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial ryegrass, Fescues, Annual Bluegrass (<em>Poa annua</em>), Rough Bluegrass (<em>Poa trivialis</em>), Annual Ryegrass</td>
<td>7 to 8 pints/A (2.6 to 3.0 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Spray Volume For Conventional Spray Equipment: Use 50 to 220 gal./A (1.2 to 5.0 gal./1000 sq. ft.).

For Low Volume Spray Equipment (such as PermaGreen Equipment and backpack sprayers): Equipment should be calibrated to apply at least 20 gallons per acre (0.45 gallons/1,000 sq. ft.). Use this lower spray volume (0.45 gallons/1,000 sq. ft.) only when your experience indicates that this volume provides effective weed coverage, adequate weed control, acceptable turf safety/tolerance, and will not result in objectionable turf injury.

Note: Use the higher spray volumes (more than 50 gpa) for dense weed populations.

### TABLE 3. BROADCAST TREATMENTS FOR BERMUDAGRASS AND ZOYSIAGRASS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Site</th>
<th>Use Rate per Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bermudagrass (common and hybrid)</td>
<td>5 to 7 pints/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zoysia grass</td>
<td>(1.8 to 2.6 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Spray Volume For Conventional Spray Equipment: Use 50 to 220 gal./A (1.2 to 5.0 gal./1000 sq. ft.).

For Low Volume Spray Equipment (such as PermaGreen Equipment and backpack sprayers): Equipment should be calibrated to apply at least 20 gallons per acre (0.45 gallons/1,000 sq. ft.). Use this lower spray volume (0.45 gallons/1,000 sq. ft.) only when your experience indicates that this volume provides effective weed coverage, adequate weed control, acceptable turf safety/tolerance, and will not result in objectionable turf injury.

- Apply only when Bermudagrass and zoysiagrass are actively growing.
- Expect temporary discoloration.
- Some Bermudagrass hybrids and zoysiagrass cultivars are moderately tolerant to this product and may be more susceptible to discoloration.
- For Bermudagrass hybrids, lower rates until tolerance to injury can be determined.
- It is impossible to test all environmental conditions and all Bermudagrass hybrids or zoysiagrass cultivars. We suggest testing this product on a small area and observe the treated area for 30 days (during normal growing conditions) to determine the acceptability of turf discoloration.
- Some stunting of the Bermudagrass or zoysiagrass should be expected and turf generally recovers in 7 to 21 days.
- Do not apply in the fall during fall-to-winter transition period.
- Do not apply in the spring during winter-to-spring transition period.
- To avoid turf injury, use only on Bermudagrass or zoysiagrass that is not under stress from diseases, insects, excess heat or cold, drought or excess rainfall/irrigation, shaded areas, low soil pH, nematodes, improper mowing or improper applications of fertilizer and pesticides.
- For optimum results:
  - Irrigate 24 hours before and 24 hours after application with 1/2 inch of water.
  - The addition of nitrogen fertilizer or chelated iron (such as FerROMEC® Plus MICRO) may reduce some turf discoloration.
  - Spray in the morning hours and avoid application during extreme hot or dry conditions.
  - Equipment calibration is essential and avoid spray overlaps.
  - Do not use higher pressure equipment, spray pressure should be 40 psi or lower.

### SPOT TREATMENTS:

- Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product. Spray coverage should be uniform and complete.
- Over applications can result in turfgrass injury.

#### Cool-Season Turf listed in Table 2:

- Mix 1.84 to 2.57 fl. oz. of this product with 1.0 gallons of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft. of turfgrass. Apply to weeds during the growth stages as shown in Table 1.

#### Warm-Season: See specific Bermudagrass and zoysiagrass directions in Table 3. Mix 1.84 to 2.57 fl. oz. of this product with 1.0 gallons of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft. of turfgrass. Apply to weeds during the growth stages as shown in Table 1.

### Limitations for use on Ornamental Turf and Non-Cropland areas:

The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum application rate is 8 pints of product per acre per application. The maximum seasonal rate is 16 pints of product per acre per year.

### Limitation for use on Sod Farms:

The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 21 days between applications. The maximum application rate is 8 pints of product per acre per application. The maximum seasonal rate is 16 pints of product per acre per year.

### 10. Weeds Controlled

Q4 Plus Turf Herbicide for Grasses & Broadleaf Weeds will control or suppress the following. Apply when weeds are young and actively growing.

#### WEEDS

- Aster, white heath & white prairie
- Barnyardgrass
- Bedstraw
- Beggarweed, creeping
- Bindweed
- Black medic
- Broadleaf plantain
- Buckwheat plantain
- Bur marigold
- Burdock, common
- Buttercup, creeping
- Carpetweed
- Chickweed, common
- Chicory
- Cinquefoil
- Cloyers
- Crabgrass1,2 (large and smooth)
- Curly dock
- Dandelion
- Dayflower
- Deadnettle
- Dock
- Dogfennel
- Dollarweed (*pennywort*)
- English Daisy

(continues on next page)
WEEDS (cont.)

False dandelion (*spotted catsear & common catsear)
Field bindweed (*morningglory & creeping jenny)
Field oxeye-daisy (*creeping oxeye)
Filaree, whitestem & redstem
Florida betony
Florida pusley
Foxtail (green, yellow and giant)
Ground ivy
Groundsel
Geranium (Carolina)
Hawkweed
Healall
Henbit
Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)
Knotweed
Lambquarters
Lawn burweed
Lespedeza, common
Mallow, common
Matchweed
Morningglory spp.
Mosear chickweed
Nutsedge, yellow
Old world diamond flower
Oxalis (*yellow wood sorrel & creeping wood sorrel)
Parsley-piert
Pennsylvania smartweed
Pepperweed
Pigweed

*Synonyms

FALSE DANDELION (spot catsear & common catsear)
PINEAPPLEWEED
PLANTAIN
POISON IVY
POISON OAK
PRICKLY LETTUCE (*compass plant)
PUNCTUREWORT
PURPLE CUDWEEP
PURSLANE
RAGWEED
REDWEED
RED SORREL (*sheep sorrel)
SHEPHERDSPURSE
SIGNALGRASS1 (Broadleaf)
SPEEDWELL *Veronica (Common.
SLENDER AND THYMELF
SPURGE
THISTLES
VIRGINIA BUTTONWEED1
WHITE CLOVER (*Dutch clover, honesuckle clover, white
trefoil, & purplewort)
WILD CARROT
WILD GARLIC
WILD GERANIUM
WILD LETTUCE
WILD MUSTARD
WILD ONION
WILD STRAWBERRY
WILD VIOLET1
YARROW
YELLOW ROCKET
AND MANY OTHER WEEDS

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

For nonrefillable containers with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

LAW OF INHERENT RISKS:

The manufacturer warrants only that this product conform to the chemical description given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suitable for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks associated with pesticide use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.

Limited Warranty and Disclaimer:

IMPORTANT: Read this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER before buying or using this product. By opening and using this product, buyer and all users agree to accept the terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER in their entirety and without exception. If the terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Damage to the treated area, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences can result from use of the product under abnormal conditions such as weather, presence of other materials, or the manner or use of application, etc. Such factors and conditions are beyond the control of the manufacturer, and BY PURCHASING AND USING THIS PRODUCT THE BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT AGREE TO ACCEPT ALL SUCH RISKS. Buyer and all users further agree to assume all risks of loss or damage from the use of the product in any manner that is not explicitly set forth in or that is inconsistent with label instructions, warnings and cautions.

The manufacturer warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks associated with pesticide use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.
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www.pbigordon.com

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